The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1867. NO. 42.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the Griffin (Ga.) Star.

AN APOLOGY FOR GEN. POPE.

On Wednesday last Hon. B. H. Hill delivered one of his masterly speeches before the people of Butts county. The house was crowded to overflowing, and the audience, by frequent and vociferous applause, manifested their appreciation of the speaker and the cause he advocated. We are informed by men who are well acquainted with the people of the county, that nine-tenths of the white voting population are uncompromisingly opposed to reconstruction under the Sherman bill. As evidence of this fact, the grand jury of the county, in their general presentments, denounced the oppressions fastened upon us by Congressional legislation as "infamous."

Mr. Hill was followed by Hon. R. P. Tripple in the same line of argument, and his manly blows fell thick and fast upon the enemies of the Republic.

In his speech, Mr. Hill made several apologies for the errors of General Pope, and among them we give the following in almost his exact words. It is exceedingly caustic:

"Many of our people seem to be disgusted with that portion of Gen. Pope's letter to Gen. Grant, in which he represents that the negro race bids fair to become the intellectual superiors of the white race, and therefore the proper race to govern. They are holding Gen. Pope in mute contempt for such an idea. I think, my friends, you may do the General injustice. Certainly, much allowance ought to be made for him. He is a stranger in the South. It is said he was in Savannah once, but did not remain very long. Still he is a stranger to our people. He can only judge us by those who hang about him and come in contact with him. He commits the natural error of judging all by these few. And judging by that standard, we must admit that the General is not so far wrong. Integrity of purpose, consistency of action, candor and truthfulness, are all essential attributes of a sound and reliable intellect. This being so, how can we marvel that men who, for selfish ambition, betrayed the Union—who, for selfish gain, used the war—who, for selfish safety, betrayed the Confederacy—and who seek now, for property and the removal of certain disabilities, to betray the honor of their people, should be considered by Gen. Pope, or any body else, as inferior to the negro. None of our negroes have ever exhibited such a total absence of all the highest attributes of reliable intellect.

"True, General Pope may have subjected the greatness of his own mind to some suspicion by permitting himself to be taken possession of by such men, and some people say that this is evidence that General Pope is inferior to those whom he makes inferior to the negroes. But you must remember that some men deceive "the very elect," and some of these men, in times of high passion, deceived many of you into the belief that they were worthy of high trust and confidence. You are ashamed of it now; but very shame should inspire in you compassion for General Pope. The wily serpent deceived our pure and good mother Eve, and made her believe he was a better friend than the God that made her; and I tell you some of these men around General Pope were educated in the school of deception, presided over by this same old serpent, and have graduated with all the honors. I always thought 'poor Tray' deserved more pity than stripes for being overtaken by bad company. I beg you, therefore, to have mercy on General Pope.

"These very bad men have given the whole South a bad character before the Northern people, and caused them to believe these harsher measures are necessary to keep down rebellion. Yet, these bad men are so 'smart,' they now turn upon us and abuse us for the bad character they have given us, and thus get in high favor with the Northern people; and are the good, loyal, quiet, worthy fellows, whom Gen. Pope, after six months probation, is going to recommend for full fellowship. What fellows they must be, who such fellows can love. But like causes produce like effects, and they who have betrayed thrice will betray again; and then, woe to the fellows who trust and are trusted. Let good men be patient; and in the meantime, don't abuse poor Gen. Pope."

THE APPROACHING POLITICAL CAMPAIGN, NORTH AND WEST.

Our Cincinnati and Cleveland correspondence, published on Thursday; our correspondence from Pennsylvania, published a few days ago, as well as that which we are receiving daily from other parts of the North and West, all show that a great and widespread reaction has commenced against the dominant radical party. The people, who gave the republicans their votes and support, during the war and since, did so for quite a different object from that which the party is now pursuing. That party was placed in power, first, to prosecute the war for the Union to a successful issue, and, second, to harmonize and restore the country, as it promised to do, upon the basis of the constitutional amendment. When it went beyond this and created a military despotism over the South; when it attempted to subvert the constitution, or rather to ignore it altogether, its leaders boldly declaring the country in a state of revolution, and when its object to establish negro supremacy and a negro balance of power became apparent, the people saw they had been cheated. Had the members of the present Congress, when candidates, gone before the people with such a revolutionary programme, they would have been defeated. They have played a confidence game upon the public, and, acting as the masters rather than the servants of the people, have defied the sentiment of the country. This infamous conduct has produced its fruit.—The public mind is becoming enlightened and a general reaction has set in.

The Radical press, though evidently much alarmed, attempts to explain away the true cause of the Republican losses in Maine and California; but that is a hopeless task.—Every one knows the cause is general; that local issues have had little to do with it, and that it lies in the dissatisfaction of people generally with the negro supremacy policy of the Radicals. It is found, in fact, in the common sense and patriotism of the mass of the people revolting against the faithless ness and destructive measures of Congress. But our correspondence shows beyond doubt that an extraordinary reaction is going on in all the great central States and in the West. The general issue as regards negro suffrage and negro supremacy is the same everywhere—the same in Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio and the other States, and the same as entered into the elections in California and Maine. In these latter States, however, the contest was tame compared with what it will be, from all appearances, in the elections to come off during the next two months. There is another important question looming up prominently in the canvass, particularly in Ohio and other parts of the West, and that is the financial question. This threatens to prove as disastrous to the Radicals as their nigger worshipping policy. The Chase-Radical policy for perpetuating a moneyed oligarchy and despotism is viewed with as much disfavor in the West, among all parties, as negro supremacy. The mass of the Republicans, as well as the democrats, are bitterly opposed to the national bank monopoly, to contraction of the currency, to the bondholders being exempt from taxation, and to all the other measures of Chase, Jay Cooke, McCulloch and their friends in favor of a moneyed oligarchy. The industrious classes—the farmers, laborers, mechanics and tradesmen—see ruin staring them in the face if this wretched financial system be perpetuated. They see that an enormous debt will be fastened upon them, their labor taxed beyond forbearance, their means of paying their taxes and debts greatly reduced, and the prospect of universal bankruptcy; and all to favor the national bank monopoly, the bondholders and capitalists. Looking at the rapid growth of public opinion in opposition to the Radical financial policy, there is reason to believe the party will be defeated in the West on this issue alone. The whole tenor of our correspondence indicates such a result.

But the main question occupying the public mind at present is that of negro suffrage and a negro balance of power in the republic. The prospect of the whole South being governed by the ignorant and uncivilized negroes, of these benighted blacks holding the balance of political power in the republic, of taking their seats in Congress, and of dominating over the people of our own superior race, with the degradation and ruin that must follow—these are the thoughts so repulsive to the mass of the Northern people. It is this fearful prospect, brought before us by radical rule, that has created a revulsion in the public mind, and that will surely overwhelm the party that has brought the country to such a deplorable condition. The great reactionary movement of the day is not one in favor of the democratic party, and least of all in favor of the copperhead faction. The questions at issue are new; old party dogmas and platforms have become obsolete. The masses of the people which have voted on both sides are now coming together as the great constitutional party. They are disgusted with the disorganizing and revolutionary conduct of the radicals, and with the infamous attempt to Africanize the republic by creating a negro balance of power. That is the real state of things; and if we mistake not the signs of the times the radicals will be defeated in the great Central States, as well as in the West, at the coming elections. The moderate and conservative republicans should throw off their destructive leaders and unite with others to form the great constitutional party of the future.—*N. Y. Herald.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRY GOODS.

FALL, 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

258 *Baltimore Street*,

BALTIMORE,

ASK MERCHANTS visiting Baltimore, to examine their large and elegant stock of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN DRY GOODS.

Robert Hull,
Thos. W. Atkinson, Orders promptly executed,
Sam'l Hunter,
Wm. J. Hull, HULL, ATKINSON & CO.
S. Harris Hopkins.
September 4—28-2m*

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION

1867.

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons,

BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS,

BLONDS, NETTS, CRAPES, RUCHES,

Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,

STRAW BONNETS & LADIES' HATS,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

SHAKER HOODS, &c.,

237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.

Sept 2—22-10w

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK TIE,

ALSO,

BEARD'S

Patent Self-Adjusting Tie,

THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST

IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR

BALING COTTON.

MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND CHEAPER

THAN ROPE.

HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON

THE PATENT LOCK TIE,

we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand.

For one Ton, and upwards, to dealers, a liberal discount will be allowed.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Aug 16-8-2m
Standard copy.

THOMASVILLE (N. C.) SHOES.

We have a small assortment of those popular and excellent SHOES, consisting of

MEN'S KIP BROGANS,

BOY'S BUFF BALMORALS

WOMEN'S GOAT BALMORALS,

LEATHER BOOTS, &c.

It is our purpose to try to introduce these shoes into this market, and our present small stock will be increased from time to time with additional lots fresh from the Manufactory.

Let us encourage and sustain our own Manufactories, and we thus encourage and sustain ourselves. We warrant these shoes to be good leather, and free from paper, scraps and shavings.

Sept. 2—22-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS,

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DISOWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OBREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agent, Washington,
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co. " Salisbury.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.,
Aug 6-305-6m Gen'l Agents for N. C.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st, 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting; after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 23¼ per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-ec43m Agent for Raleigh.

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 20 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues;

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for Cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—tf Family Grocer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SITUATION WANTED.

A lady of some experience in teaching desires a situation. She prefers to teach English and Mathematics. Address REV. W. E. PELL,
Aug 27—4tw Raleigh, N. C.

CORN!

FIFTEEN HUNDRED BUSHELS!!

IN NEW SACKS.

Prime White Corn, Wholesale and Retail, at lowest market price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Sept. 11—31-tf Market Square.

DOTY'S CELEBRATED WASHER IN STORE at reduced price.

JAMES M. TOWLES.
Sept. 13—1w. Agent.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL

DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangments have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *goin West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE,
Mail Train, 8.45. A. M.
Fast Line, 5.20, P. M.
Express train, 9.45, P. M.

LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,
Mail Train, 7.45 A. M.
Fast Line 4.30, P. M.
Express Train, 8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five to ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage* checked through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers* on *through tickets* can stop at *any point* on the route, as *through tickets are good until* used.

Passengers leaving Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not be detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western* States, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J. M. Pool, Gen. Ticket Agt. or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt. & Ohio R. R.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
B. & O. R. R.

L. M. COLE,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't.
B. & O. R. R.
July 9-285-1y

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*," *No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc. which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellanous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or Clerk reference, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-291-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We ar now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment just to hand. Prices from 50 cents to $10,00.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Sept. 13—tf Raleigh, N. C.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

I HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A VERY NEAT assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Especially suited to immediate wants, to an inspection of which you are respectfully invited. They embrace

A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF

FLANNELS,

KENTUCKY JEANS,

SATINETS,

Neat Low-Priced

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres,

For Gents' and Youths' wear. Also

BLEACHED AND BROWN

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,

HICKORY SHIRTINGS,

DENIMS, TICKINGS,

COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES;

WITH A

FULL ASSORTMENT OF PRINTS,

In all the best makes, for ONE SHILLING PER YARD, and

LOWER GRADES AT 12½ TO 15 CTS.

IN COMMENCING THE FALL TRADE, I would take occasion to thank the Public generally for the liberal patronage extended this house for the past two years, and in return will assure them the same liberal system of business will be strictly adhered to in the future that has guided our efforts in the past. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS will still be our guiding star, by the light of which, it is to be hoped, all will find out that

THOMAS SMITH'S,

25 SYCAMORE St., PETERSBURG, VA.,

Is the place to buy DRY GOODS.

Aug. 23—14-tf

ENGINE, MILL, &c., FOR SALE.

We have for sale, at our Blast Furnace near Wilson, in Wilson Co., N. C., a splendid

40 HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with two Cylinder boilers. It is one of the best working Engines we have ever seen and has sufficient capacity to drive a saw and grist mill.—The grist mill is now with the Engine and the saw mill will be furnished, if required.

We have also two iron

BLOWING CYLINDERS,

four feet diameter and five feet stroke, in good working order and powerful enough to drive any blast furnace.

We have besides a CUPOLA, LADLES, CRANE, and every thing suitable for a foundry. We will either sell all together or separately.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.
Petersburg, Va.

Aug 20-11-d2wawtw
Charlotte Times copy as above.

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,		Tonka Beans,	
" Bergamot,		Gum Styrax,	
" Cinnamon,		Mace,	
" Citronella,		Nutmegs,	
" Cloves,		Angelica Root,	
" Geranium,		Orriss "	
" Lemon,		Snake "	
" Mirbane,		Valerian "	
" Nutmegs,		Aniseed "	
" Sassafras,		Cardamom Seed,	
" Wintergreen,		Coriander "	
Allspice,		Fennel,	
Cinnamon Bark,		Gum Arabic,	
Cloves,		Olive Oil, &c.	

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell very low.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

REMOVAL.

JORDAN & CARR,

SUCCESSORS TO GEO. B. JONES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS,

PETERSBURG, VA.

HAVE removed their stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c. to the new and commodious building, corner of Sycamore and Washington streets, recently fitted up in the best style, and suitably arranged for conducting the

Drug and Apothecary Business

on a large scale, both Wholesale and Retail.

Grateful for past patronage they invite their former patrons and others in the city and country to favor them with their custom, assuring them that they will be well prepared to serve them.

Their Wholesale Department will be well attended to.

Physicians in the country may rely on them for pure articles.

Particular attention will be given to Physicians' Prescriptions, day and night.

WALTER B. JORDAN, } (JOSEPH CARR.
September 5—29-3m.

FOR SALE,

At reduced prices, one of H. L. Emery's Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers, (used a part of last season.)

WM. R. COX.
Raleigh, September 9—34-tw.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1st OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-253-1m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD, ... Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES,

IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

REV. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22-296-2aw1O1 President.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d. Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-294-tf

THE SOUTHERN FERTILIZING COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA., are now receiving and preparing their fall stock of FERTILIZERS, and offer for sale in unlimited quantities CRUSHED

PERUVIAN GUANO,

selected from the purest cargoes imported, warranted pure and of the highest standard;

PHOSPHO PERUVIAN and

OLD DOMINION,

prepared under the supervision of Professor WILLIAM GILHAM for the wheat crop, containing a large percentage of the Phosphates, with an adequate amount of Ammonia;

FRESH GROUND PLASTER.

Orders solicited.

JOHN ENDERS, President.
Office No. 104 Fourteenth Street.
Aug 17-9-2m

W. BOYD,

GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,

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Buys and sells all articles of Produce on Commission.

Orders and Consignments solicited.

W. BOYD,
June 24-269-3m Charlotte, N. C.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance*. Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. N. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-272-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 25-227-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

137 Nassau Street,

NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.

Aug. 24, 1867—13-1y

WEBSTER'S ELEMENTARY SPELLING BOOK,

Always on hand. Price, per doz., $1,20.

Next door to Tucker's new Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
Aug. 29—19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

BEAUTIFUL MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, IN great variety. Just received at our new Book Store, next to Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Aug. 29—19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED:

100,000 Cigars.
2,000 lbs. Snuff, in papers, bottles and bladders.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Aug. 29—19 tf Wholesale Grocers.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

100 Sacks N. C. Flour, Superfine, Extra, and strictly Family.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
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A GOOD MALE TEACHER, to take the general supervision and charge of the Male and Female departments of the HERTFORD ACADEMY.

A man of experience, and a native of the state, with good references, preferred. Apply to

D. P. DAUGHTREY,
Sec'y of the Board of Trustees,
Aug. 31—4w Hertford, N. C.

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Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

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Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $11.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to

POWELL, WILSON & CO.
June 25-271-6m Catawba Station, N. C.

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FRESH TURNIP SEED.

(CROP OF 1867.)

Early flat	Dutch	Turnip.
" Red	Top	Do.
" Snow Ball		Do.
Large Pomeranian Globe		Do.
" Norfolk		Do.
Purple Top Ruta Baga		Do.

Just received at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

July 24-236-tf

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!!

Bought expressly for PICKLING.

For sale by

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 15-7-tf

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the NEAT AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 13-289-3m Raleigh, N. C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. R. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED.

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally. For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To debeate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact wherever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston, R. Jones, one of the most accomplished and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

R. R. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1.00
For two months	2.00
Three months	2.50
Six months	5.00
One year	10.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5.00
" " six months	2.50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3.00
" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1867.

A WHITE MAN'S PARTY.

We have distinctly stated, heretofore, and repeatedly, that we were opposed to the formation of a white man's party or a black man's party, and that we should continue to oppose it unless the colored population, by their course, should force such an alternative upon the whites of this State. We mean just what we say.

We do not believe, for a moment, that the colored people, as a whole, desire that there should be a white and a black party. If they had been let alone and allowed to follow the bent of their own convictions and inclinations, there would have been made no line of separation—no antagonism of feeling or interest between them and the native whites of the South. For, bad as slavery was in many respects, both to white and black, the fact that we dwelt together in daily intercourse united us by ligaments hard to be broken.

The charge, therefore, that the movement of the Conservatives means a white man's party, is false, unless the colored people choose of their own accord to make it so. Such a charge comes with an ill grace from those who have been moving heaven and earth, in North Carolina, to persuade, or force, or cajole the entire colored population into the Radical party,—thus making that party a black man's party.

Republicans and Radicals *profess* to be disgusted with all distinctions of color.—The Conservatives have made no such distinction. Their call for organization is made to *all* Conservative Constitutional Union men. Not a word is said about color. If there are any colored Conservative Constitutional Union men in the State, it is their privilege to attend the meetings of the Conservatives, for they are all invited. If there are any colored people in Wake, who consider themselves Conservative men, they are of course included in the call. If, on the other hand, the colored men of Wake have bound themselves, like slaves, to do the bidding of the Radical party, they are not invited, unless they have become tired of Radicalism. *They can make their own election*, as they please. We will not deceive them. We will make no promises to them that we will not fulfil. We will not persuade or cajole them to go with us, unless they are so disposed. They have a right to do as they please. They are freemen and ought not to be deceived, or misled into secret political organizations, by which they are bound hand and foot to a party. Conservatives are opposed to all secret Leagues, all secret political organizations, which allow freemen no choice of action—no freedom to vote as they may elect.

If all the colored people, as the Radicals claim, have gone into the Radical party, have bound themselves to vote with the Radical party, then, as a matter of course, the Radicals have made a *black man's party*. Whose fault is that? Are the Conservatives to blame for it? Are they to be charged with forming a white man's party, *if* none others but white men in the State are Conservative Constitutional Union men? Ridiculous!

We are opposed to any scheme to get up a white man's party. We have done nothing to effect such an object. We believe that the Conservative whites are the true friends of the colored people. They are the friends of the working men. The great body of the Conservatives *are* the *working men*.—They see nothing but destruction to the interests of our working people, if Brownlow-Holden-Radicalism prevails in this State. It is a privilege for a freeman to vote; but it is more necessary for a freeman to have work, and to have food and clothing and a home, the results of his own labor, than it is simply to have a vote. The cry for *bread* will startle the whole South, if the vindictive and bitter policy of the Radicals prevails in the South. It is to prevent starvation and ruin that the Conservatives are moving to put down the bitter, vindictive policy of the ultra Radicals.

There are two white persons in North Carolina to one black. The policy of the Radicals is to make a black man's party in the State. In their hands negro equality means *negro supremacy*. To be consistent, they must give the black man the preference in office, the preference in position, the preference in every thing; for the blacks constitute the majority of the Radical party. The Radicals say that the majority must rule, and they further say the blacks are entitled to full equality with the whites.—Put these two together, and is not *negro supremacy* the plain result of Radical rule, unless they cheat and deceive the colored people?

Now, we are opposed to *negro supremacy*. We believe the white man should rule America, and that the white man should rule North Carolina. Why? Because the intelligence and the solid virtue of the country should rule the country. We contend for full justice to the colored man. We will encourage him, help him to seek to be intelligent and virtuous, and truly independent. How? By joining the Leagues? By neglecting his work to attend political meetings? By seeking to quarrel and wrangle with white people about politics? By arraying himself against his former owner and the whites among whom he has been raised? No, never! If we wanted to ruin the colored people—if we wanted to make them *friendless* in this land, we would teach them and urge them to do just as the Radicals are teaching them. But we want them to be truly freemen; to be honest, virtuous and worthy citizens, working to help themselves and to assist in building up our wasted country. We urge them to seek their real good, first, by securing a *home* that they can call their own—some safe reliance against a rainy day, by their own industry and honesty and virtue. If they will work, they can do it, and then they may talk about freedom. But it is all humbug for a man to talk about being free, though he may vote, when he belongs to a League, and when he goes about without clothes, without friends, without money, without bread for himself and children, and without a place he can call *home!*

THE ISSUE FOR THE NORTH.

Senator Charles Sumner, of Massachusetts, wrote a letter the other day to a Convention of fanatics and malignants which assembled in Baltimore, 'yclept the Border State Convention, in which he sets forth his peculiar views. The following is the production:

BOSTON, Sept. 8, 1867.

DEAR SIR:—I shall not be able to be with you at your Convention in Baltimore, according to the invitation with which you have honored me. I ask you to accept my best wishes.

Congress will leave undone what it ought to do, if it fails to provide promptly for the establishment of equal rights, whether political or civil, everywhere throughout the Union. This is a solemn duty which cannot be shirked or postponed.

The idea is intolerable, that any State, under any pretension of State rights, can set up a *political oligarchy* within its borders, and then call itself a republican government. I insist with all my soul that such a government must be rejected as inconsistent with the requirements of the Declaration of Independence. Faithfully, yours,

CHARLES SUMNER.

It is not a little singular that this man should have managed to exist so long under such an infamous government as he describes. Probably the only reason why he has not heretofore turned his back on this political oligarchy, and taken his lacerated feelings to another clime, was because, in surveying the nations, he could find none where a negro was regarded the white man's equal.

There are twenty six "loyal" (so-called) States, in not more than one-fifth of which is the black man accorded "equal rights, civil and political." *They* are, therefore, "political oligarchies," according to Mr. Sumner, and he insists, with all his patriotic soul, that their present governments must be rejected, or re modeled.

Now this is the very issue which we want to see made up and presented to the people of the North, and we, therefore, cannot disguise our satisfaction at this letter. It is the vague apprehension that the Radical party contemplate some such assault upon the right of *all* the States to regulate their own matters of franchise, that has caused the incipient re-action at the North. The simple thrusting of negro equality *upon the South*, perhaps, is not sufficient to account for the revulsion of popular sentiment, because that which apparently only affects one's neighbor, especially when prejudice and bitterness exists towards that neighbor, is not apt to give one, as human nature goes, particular concern. But when the danger comes to his own threshold, it not only stirs his own sense of the peril, but arouses him to a tardy sense of his indifference and callousness to the exigency of others. We hope, therefore, that the Massachusetts negrophilist will put whip and spur to his zeal, in this matter.

Independently of other considerations, it is nothing more nor less than abstract equity, it this "equality" *is* to be forced upon one portion of the country, that *all* should have a *taste* of it. Indeed, as Mr. Sumner's *equality*, as applied to the South, means the rule of negro minorities, why not make such rule universal; for, be it observed, he does not justify his policy upon retaliatory grounds, but upon "solemn duty" and the "requirements of the Declaration of Independence!"

In Senator Sumner's issue, we see light and hope for the country.

DESERTING THE CRAFT.—We learn, from a respectable gentleman living in the Southern part of the County, that all of the white men in that section, who have been deluded into the Leagues, or who have been disposed to affiliate with the "Republican" party, are leaving it in disgust and denouncing openly its programme, as developed by the late Convention. "To this complexion it will come, at last."

STATE NEWS.

——Prof. Kimberly has been requested to deliver an address before the Buncombe Agricultural Society, at its approaching Annual Fair.

——The Jewish Rabbi, who is to take charge of the Synagogue in Wilmington, has arrived in that city.

——Some excitement was created in Salisbury, on Monday, by a row between some negroes and United States soldiers, which resulted in the latter getting worsted.

——Scuppernong grapes are selling at Washington, N. C. at $1,25 per bushel, for wine-making.

——The excellent and estimable wife of Montreville Patton, Esq., of Asheville, died in that town on Tuesday night last, after an illness of some weeks. The *News and Farmer* says of her:

"Mrs. Patton was greatly beloved by all classes and conditions of this community.—The sick and afflicted ever found in her an untiring friend and comforter, and her death has cast a gloom over our whole community. All feel a deep sympathy for the bereaved husband and children."

—— We learn, from the Goldsboro' *Star*, that, on Saturday last, Mr. Albert Day, of that place, forwarded to Messrs. Dibble, Worth & Co., New York, twelve bales of new cotton. It was grown upon the farms of Messrs. J. K. Miller and E. B. Borden, and makes the first shipment of new cotton in any quantity, that has been made this season. So old Wayne is ahead of all competition so far.

The proprietor of the White Sulphur Springs, in Virginia, is said to have made $40,000 this season.

For the Sentinel.

THAT CONVENTION—ITS ORATORS.

Gen. Dockery begins a brief personal explanation by sturdily asserting: "I declare, in advance, that I, sir, am a Republican."—So far so good. As much might have presumed, *or* he would not have been in that Convention. But when he adds, "I am a Republican *on principle*," one who knows the history of the patriarchal old General, may well shake his head, and exclaim, "*Credat Judæus!*" But when, at the close of his personal explanation, he assures his old Whig associates, "I *have been* a Republican, I am a Republican, and expect to die a Republican"—there will be uplifted honest hands in amazement at the bold declaration. If the old gentleman had said that he was a Republican *from policy or necessity*, there might have been a difference of opinion among his old comrades in arms—as to that policy or necessity. But to say that he is a Republican from taste—from choice—or from principle, is carrying the poor joke a little too far. That he *has been*, is now, and ever shall be a Republican is a slander on his honest name, that *we* would never have uttered—and can scarcely believe when so solemnly declared by himself. Why, General, were you a Republican—as it is now understood, and as you intended it should be understood by that Black Republican assemblage,—were you a Republican when you so often, in days of yore, presided (and with great ability, too) over the various assemblies of which you speak? Were you a Republican on that great occasion—"the only one which you care a groat to have recorded for the eye of your children," when the friends of the great Kentucky statesman, and that large hearted man and patriot, John M. Morehead, chose you unanimously to preside over the Convention which placed their honored names before the people of North Carolina—the one for President of the United States, the other for Governor of North Carolina? Could any member of that Convention, in which, as its presiding officer, you put the question, and announced the decision, of which you are so justly proud, have declared that you were then a Republican? Oh, tell it not in Gath! You would not have so deceived your friends! You were then, and are still, a frank out-spoken gentleman. You say you have no concealments. Your friends have always said the same in your praise.—And can they now be persuaded that you then harbored in your heart, and concealed from your trusting friends, sentiments which were then, and ever thereafter until less than three years ago, utterly and universally abhorred? It cannot be, General Dockery. You are surely mistaken—egregiously mistaken. "The greatest of these is charity." That charity comes to your aid. It will spurn the idea of wilful falsification. It will say you are an old man—that your memory has failed you—that you were a disappointed aspirant to honors which fell to another—and that in your scarcely suppressed anger, you spoke unguardedly—you knew not what. General! You ought not to have been in that wretched assembly. It was no place for you.—You have had your day. You have worn your honors, and have worn them well.—There are no honors in that mongrel concern, which you can obtain, or which you ought to desire—or which you should not scorn to accept it tendered. They will never be tendered to you. Ambitious young men—of easy virtue, most of them—have already marked them for their own. They will be "*monstrous* good young men," adroit and airy—seeking the windward side of other odoriferous "equals," of a warm summer day. The old war horse could not snort his glorious "ha! ha!" in that crowd. He loveth the smell of battle—but he "smelleth it afar off." There will be much perjury in those days. The sons of North Carolina, who will sell their souls by taking the necessary oath, should all be young men, with a long life in expectancy—to be spent in penitence and prayer. No old man should so stultify and disgrace himself, and do such irreparable wrong to his conscience. The time is too short—and the life hereafter is too long, to risk such awful consequences. And it would have been much better, General! if, instead of saying so dogmatically, that you expected to die a Republican, you had said something quietly and tremblingly about a hope that you might die a good Christian. It would have been much more becoming your great age, and the Christian purity of your long and useful life.

Gen. Dockery's explanation, such as it is, looks much like intentional charges, made by indirection and inuendo, against the orator who succeeded him on the rostrum, the redoubtable X. P. G.

He says he opposed nullification; thus did not the X. P. G. The General had always, "uniformly and consistently, regarded it as a proceeding that would result in ruin—ruin, sir,—shame and disgrace." Thus did not that other worthy. The General, moreover, is quite disgruntled at his disfranchisement, while "others around him who proclaimed, but a short time ago, that he ought to be shot for his Unionism, are now preparing to vote and hold office," (hear! hear!)—Did anybody wince about that time?

Gen. Dockery says, "when the war commenced I still opposed it. I still contended that it was wrong, to be a fatal error.—All my influence was directed to co-operate with gentlemen in the State who wished to cut it off * * at the knee." *He* did not put himself before the people of his county, and publish his address, in which he promised them to take the State out of the Union. *He* did not thus vote—and preserve, as a relic, the patriotic pen for his children's children. *He* was under no such "duress." He was a free man, and talked right out. How different the fate of—somebody else! *Gen. Dockery* "was a slaveholder"—and his loss, in that respect, was very great." He did not cunningly send away his slaves and put them in his purse. He was a kind hearted old gentleman—a good master—and kept them around him to the last. He scorned to make merchandise of them. They are still around him—as he told Gen. Howard in Raleigh. They were a thievish race indeed—rather "polygamically" inclined—had their every day wives and their Sunday wives—and when the freedmen came to visit their Sunday wives, still living in patriarchal simplicity in their old homes, rascals would steal the General's poultry and pigs, and do other petty abominations in violation of the eighth commandment. And this information, publicly and boldly given to the head of the Freedman's Bureau, seems to have got the truthful old gentleman into hot water. But, like himself, he is willing to face the music, and put it to vote among the colored people of Richmond County, to decide whether or not he is unpopular among them. He is also fortified and greatly "holpen" by the X. P. G., who comforts "the noble old Roman," and mollifies the colored members of the Convention, by assuring everybody, of all colors, that Gen. Dockery had said just the right thing—that what he had said was highly complimentary to the colored population, and was approved by their illustrious friend General Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau. So this small matter was happily disposed of,—and the slander, that his friend was unpopular with the freedmen for merely having called them, sportively, "thieves and polygamical vagabonds," and all similar slanders, was now consigned to the tomb of the Capulets. It will relieve many sad hearts to learn that a call was made on the colored brethren to say whether the General, ("old Gwanny," that used to be,) and the X. P. G., were not their friends. "If you think we are, say so. If you think we are not, say so, too. (Cries of "you are, you are,") accompanied by a simultaneous blowing of flat noses, and approving smiles from "the ladies." S.

To the Conservative Constitutional Union Men of Wake County.

The undersigned, citizens of Wake County, friends of the American Union and supporters of the Constitution of the United States, being convinced that the incorporation of the Brownlow Holden-Radical programme into the Constitution of the State would most surely embarrass, if not annihilate, all enterprise and all hope of recuperation, and would discourage all immigration, the investment of capital and diminish or destroy the sources of employment *to our laboring population*, do most earnestly implore all Conservative citizens of every County in the State, to hold meetings for the adoption of such plans as they may deem wisest and best, for uniting and consolidating the Conservative influence in the State, to effectively prevent the success of ultra Republican or Radical rule in our State organization.

The Congress of the United States has cut us off from all participation at present in National politics. Nothing is left us but the care of our State institutions, and this movement has nothing to do with National politics or with hindering or attempting to obstruct the operation of any law of Congress. It has simple reference only to the preventing of the incorporation of those Radical principles and measures into our State organization, which would place the control and government of the State in the hands of the ignorant, the vicious and the most unprincipled among us, which would certainly result in the destruction of the enterprise and vitality of the State. All the aid or encouragement, therefore, which this movement could give to the friends of Constitutional liberty and free government, elsewhere, would be simply incidental.

We, therefore, urge all Conservative Constitutional Union men of the County of Wake, holding these views, to unite with us in holding a meeting at the Court House in this city, on Friday evening, the 27th. of the present month, at half past 7 o'clock, to effect the above named object, and we urge our fellow citizens of the several registration precincts in the County to unite with us, or hold meetings in their several precincts.

Wm E Pell,	D T Bunch,
T R Pentress,	J V Wilson,
T V Moss,	Jos F Jackson,
C B Allen,	T B Terrell,
O D Lipscomb,	Jno Utley,
T M Fleming,	Wm M Boylan,
R T Bishop,	W Little,
B F Park,	W R Miller,
Jas M Betts,	Sylvester Smith,
P C Fleming,	Wm Grimes,
J B Gayler,	E B Thomas,
S T Grissom,	M A Bledsoe,
Joe C Pittman,	W H Jones,
Henry Pace,	E B Freeman,
E Burke Haywood,	J D Royster,
G M Whiting,	Seaton Gales,
P Cowper,	R C Badger,
J Brown,	H E Orr,
J A Moore,	R G Lewis,
B F Cheatham,	P P Pescud,
J J L McCullers,	Chas Manly,
J M Blair,	R H Battle,
T McGee,	Wm Simpson,
R W Haywood,	H W Husted,
Wm A Blount,	H W Young,
P Babcock,	L W Peck,
F J Haywood,	T N Ramsay,
R H Whitaker,	J T Morriss,
D W Whitaker,	J G McGuire,
A J Clements,	Wm Quirk,
Thos W Lee,	J H Separk,
N W West,	D E Clements,
Jas S Harward,	F W Stevenson,
J G Carter,	G W Alley,
R T Bosher,	J B Collins,
J G Hester,	F K Strother,
J J Guthrie, Jr,	R F Jones,
W H Moore,	J D Primrose,
Thos Bragg,	Jno S Bryan,
Sam'l C White,	C Hutchings,
Chas W Bevers,	J M Towles,
E T Hall,	J P H Russ,
R Dobbin,	R C Manly,
L S Perry,	S V House,
J C Palmer,	S E Allen,
J Q DeCarteret,	Wm E Pell, Jr,
J J Litchford,	Jas C Marcom,
J J Overby,	W G Brown,
J F Miller,	E E Harris,
J Q A Crane,	M Harrison,
Geo L Hines,	W P Burt,
Wm P Bragg,	J B Franklin,
M Kelly,	M T H Peoples,
J T Moore,	J A Jones,
J B Jordan,	T H Hill.

J. H. Kirkham.

GENERAL SICKLES INTERVIEW WITH GENERAL GRANT—DEMAND FOR A COURT OF INQUIRY, &c.

General Sickles had a protracted interview with General Grant at the War Department to-day. No definite conclusion was reached in his case, and he is still here awaiting orders. He has made a fresh demand for a court of inquiry to examine into his administration of affairs in the Second Military District. If it is not granted, he will probably resign his commission in the army, for the purpose of making a reply to the charges made against him by President Johnson in his proclamation. While he remains in the army, he cannot, he says, vindicate himself in any other way than by a court of inquiry. Failing to obtain that, he proposes to resign and go before the people.

General Sickles received an official letter from Governor Orr, of South Carolina, this evening, in which the latter states "that while he was at first opposed to some of General Sickles' orders while in command of the Second Military District, he is now satisfied that his administration was, on the whole, marked by great wisdom, moderation and forbearance. This, he says, is the sentiment of the element in South Carolina which he (Orr) represents. He further states that he believes the people of South Carolina are largely indebted to General Sickles' administration for much of the prosperity and good order prevailing there. The Governor closes his letter, which is quite lengthy, with expressions of regret at the removal of Sickles.

Intelligence has been received here to the effect that the wealthier classes of the people of North and South Carolina have petitioned General Canby, now in command there, to continue in force General Sickles' Order No. 10. They represent that if it is rescinded the effect will be to beggar them, because if their land is put up at public sale under the present depressed condition of affairs there, it will not bring one half its real value. The petition has been widely circulated throughout the two States, and is said to be numerously signed by prominent men, as well among the negroes as the white land owners. General Canby is not disposed, it is said, to undo any of the acts of his predecessor.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Herald, 22nd.*

THE DRUM SILENCED.—Information has been received at Washington that the United States Marshal of North Carolina has proceeded to execute one of the judgments of the United States Circuit Court for debt before the war. The military did not interfere, notwithstanding Order No. 10 is still in force and unrepealed.—*Sun.*

DIED!

In this City, on yesterday morning, of Consumption, WILLIAM HOLT PARSONS, late of Co. K., 12th Va. Infantry, Malone's Brigade, C. S. A., in the 34th year of his age.

[The funeral of the deceased will take place this afternoon, at 4½ o'clock, from the Episcopal Church. The remains will be interred in the Memorial Cemetery. The citizens, generally, are invited to attend.]

At Chapel Hill, on the morning of Friday, 20th inst., SUSAN C., eldest daughter of Hon. Wm. H. Battle.

Those who remember her, as the bright particular star of Chapel Hill society, will not need to be told, now, that the beautiful traits of character which so distinguished her then, were such as years of suffering only exalted and purified, and rendered her to the last day of her unselfish life an object of peculiar and tender love to all who knew her.

A true and devoted Church woman, an humble and devout Christian, her last trial found her, through grace, not unready, though the messenger came suddenly. If sharp, 'twas short, and now of her we say thankfully,

"Numbered with Thy Saints in glory everlasting."

C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIME! LIME!!

2.000 BBLS. FRESH STONE LIME, In store and for sale by WORTH & DANIEL, Wilmington, N. C.
Sept. 25—42-1m

PILES, FISTULA, TUMORS,

FISSURES, STRICTURES, ULCERS, DISEASES OF THE BLADDER, &c.,

Special Attention given to Diseases of Females.

Dr. CLOPTON,

WHO has met with almost universal success in North Carolina, for the last seventeen years, is now at the Yarborough House, where he may be consulted until the 29th.

He has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen.
Sept 25—42-4t

Price of Cotton Gins Reduced!!

THE GEORGIA COTTON GIN AT $4,50 PER SAW.

THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE ABOVE Gins having reduced the price to four and a half dollars per Saw, we are prepared to receive orders for the coming season at this price. This Gin has been favorably known for many years, as the "Parker (Columbus, Georgia) Gin, and now as "THE GEORGIA GIN,"—one of the best in the market. MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
Aug. 27—17-1t Newbern, N. C.

COAL!

White Ash Coal, Red Ash Coal constantly arriving and for sale by DOUGLAS BELL.
Sept. 24—41-4t Market Square.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE.

B Coffee Sugar; Extra C Sugar; Yellow C Sugar and Pulverized Sugar.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Sept. 24—41 Wholesale Grocers.

North Carolina Tobacco Ware House.

WALKER, FARRAR & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND

General Commission and Forwarding Merchants.

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Manufactured TOBACCO to be found in the State. We have made arrangements with the manufacturers in Virginia and North Carolina to furnish their best brands to the Eastern North Carolina trade at Factory prices.

Also, the largest stock of Sugar Coffee, Pork, Flour, Salt, Cotton Bagging, Rope, &c., to be found in this market.

Virginia and North Carolina Sheeting and Yarns always on hand.

Manufacturers' Agents for Holt's celebrated Yarns, Shirtings and Checks.

Brick Block, Craven St., Newbern, N. C.
Sept. 24—41-2m

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

COLLECTOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

First District of North Carolina.

NOTICE is hereby given to the citizens of the First Collection District, that the Annual List of 1866, and sundry monthly lists of 1867, have been placed in my hands by the Assessor of the District for collection, and that the assessments on said lists are now due and payable.

The subscriber, or one of his deputies, will attend in the various Counties of the District at the times and places below mentioned for the purpose of collecting the taxes referred to:

Perquimans Co., at Hertford, 14th and 15th Oct.
Pasquotank, at Elizabeth City, 21st and 22nd October.
Camden Co., at Camden Court House, 1st and 2nd November.
Currituck Co., at Currituck Court House, 4th and 5th Nov.
Chowan Co., at Edenton, 6th and 7th Nov.
Bertie Co., Coleraine, 12th; Windsor, 13th and 14th Nov.
Halifax Co., Scotland Neck, 16th; Enfield, 18th; Halifax 19th; Weldon, 20th Nov.
Northampton Co., at Gaston, 21st; Garysburg, 23rd; Jackson, 25th Nov.
Hertford Co., Murfreesboro', 27th; Winton, 28th Nov.
Gates Co., Gatesville, 29th and 30th Nov.
Beaufort Co., Washington, 17th 18th, and 19th October.
Washington Co., Plymouth, 22nd, and 23rd Oct.
Tyrrel Co., Columbia 25th and 26th Oct.
Martin Co., Williamston, 29th and 30th Oct.
Hyde Co. Swan Quarter, 11th and 12th Nov.

WILLIAM E. BOND,
Sept. 24—sw2tAw1t Col 1st. Dist. of N. C

PROSPECTUS

OF THE ACADEMY OF THE VISITATION, B. V. M.

THE EXERCISES OF THE ACADEMY OF the Visitation, B. V. M. at Abingdon, Washington County Va. will commence on MONDAY, Sept. 16th, 1867, under the charge of the SISTERS of the VISITATION, B. V. M.

The object of the SISTERS in opening this Academy, is to aid the people of the South, by facilitating the means of educating their daughters, and the terms of the School will therefore be made to conform as far as possible, to the straitened circumstances of the people.

TERMS PAYABLE PER HALF SESSION IN ADVANCE.

Board, Tuition in all the English branches, fuel, washing and mending, per session of ten months, $150 00

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS.

Tuition in all the English Branches per session of ten months, in Academic department:

First Class	$40 00
Second Class	36 00
Third and Fourth Class	32 00
PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.	
First Class	$20 00
Second Class	16 00
EXTRA CHARGES.	
Music on Piano per Session	$40 00
" " Harp "	60 00
" " Guitar "	40 00
French, German, or Italian	20 00
Painting in Oil Colors	32 00
Drawing	16 00
Painting in Water Colors	16 00
Embroidery	8 00
Flower-making paper or muslin, (with materials,)	10 00

Address
ACADEMY OF THE VISITATION, B. V. M.,
Sept 24—41-3tw ABINGDON, VA.

WANTED.

By a gentleman of experience, a situation as SALESMAN, in a Wholesale Dry Goods House. References given, by addressing J. O. B.
Sept. 25—40-1w Sentinel Office.

☞ Baltimore Gazette copy one week and send bill to J. O. B., *Sentinel* Office.

MACKEREL! MACKEREL!!

A lot of nice Boston Mackerel, in kits, just received by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Also McCauley's Family Flour, in sacks.
Sept. 23—40-1t

FOR SALE.

Extra English Breakfast Tea, black.
" Gunpowder " green.
" Imperial " "
PULLIAM, JONES, & CO.,
Sept. 23—40-1t Wholesale Grocers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,

Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.
Office in the *Standard* building.
Raleigh, Sept. 21—39-3m

MEAL! MEAL!! MEAL!!!

200 BUSHELS MEAL, Water-ground, made from ☞ PRIME WHITE CORN. ☜
Just received by DOUGLAS BELL.
Sept. 21—39-4t

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

CHEAP LIGHT.

SUPERIOR KEROSENE OIL.

Lamps of all kinds, Lamp Chimneys, and Wicks. Oil Cans. J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Sept. 21—39-4t With Hart & Lewis.

DESTINY, OR LIFE AS IT IS.

BY ROSALIE MILLER MURPHY.

SPLENDIDLY PRINTED, and nicely bound in cloth. Price $1,75.

This is a charming NEW BOOK, by a young Southern author. Just received and for sale by BRANCH & FARRAR & CO.
Sept 21—39-4t Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C.

PURYEAR'S REFINED MAIZENA, prepared from the best White Corn.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sep. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

STRAY COW.

ABOUT a week ago a light red COW, without horns, with a calf about six months old, strayed from the N. C. Institution for Deaf and Dumb and the Blind. Any information about them will be suitably rewarded upon application to me at the Institution.
Sept 19—37-4t JAMES A. LEACH.

JAVA COFFEE.

A FEW BAGS OF PRIME OLD GOV. JAVA Coffee, in packages to suit Families, received to-day.
Sept 20—38-4t DOUGLAS BELL.

CHEESE! CHEESE! CHEESE!

Just received, a lot of English Dairy and Factory Cheese. For sale by
Sept 20—38-4t B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

SEPTEMBER 19th, 1867.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE.

LARGEST! BEST!! CHEAPEST!!!

SINCE THE WAR.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS IN EVERY STYLE.

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!
From 10c. per yard and upward.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
From 10c. and upward.

SIXTY CASES OF SHOES,
For Men, Women and Boys. In original packages.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!
All of the latest styles and qualities.

UMBRELLAS,
TRUNKS,
SATCHELS, &c.

GLOVES!
GLOVES!!
GLOVES!!!

HANDKERCHIEFS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,

All now arriving at our old Stand.
☞ Will move in three weeks to New Store.
Sept. 19-4f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

To the Farmers of North Carolina:

IF YOU WANT PURE

PERUVIAN GUANO,

BUY OF

HERBERT & HAIRSTON,

COTTON, GRAIN AND TOBACCO

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Baltimore, Md.

Sept. 20—38-3m

N. C. BROGANS.

Just received from the Factory, two cases of heavy N. C. BROGANS, warranted *whole Leather and all Leather*, and offered as low as the same quality can be sold any where.

Merchants will please call and see them and encourage Home Work.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—2w. Agent.

J. P. DILLINGHAM,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

COR. SOUTH FRONT AND MIDDLE STREET,
(*Old stand of W. P. Moore, Esq.*)

NEWBERN, N. C.

Prompt attention given to all orders for Corn, Fish, &c. Consignments of Produce and Manufactures solicited.

REFERENCES:
W. P. Moore, Esq., A. T. Jerkins, Esq., Disosway, Guion & Co., R. H. Roumtree. } Newbern.
Sept. 12—32-1m

FOR SALE,

White GOOSE FEATHERS, and another lot of Factory CHEESE.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 19—37-4t Wholesale Grocers.

SUGARS! SUGARS!!

A SELECTED STOCK received to-day, consisting of
10 bbls. Common Sugar.
20 " Porto Rico "
25 " Crushed A B and C Sugars
Which will be sold at lowest market price.
ALSO
50 bbls. Flour, of all grades.
Sept 20—38-4t DOUGLAS BELL.

FRESH MOUNTAIN BUTTER.
Just received and for sale by
Sept. 16—34-4t B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS.

WE HAVE FOR SALE, CHEAP, A SMALL collection of choice and beautiful Green House Plants, consisting of the rarest Geraniums, &c., &c. They are in flower-pots, and are in a fine, thrifty condition. They were cultivated by the fair hands of a beautiful and accomplished Florist, and may consequently be relied on as being rare specimens. Buy them, young gentlemen, as presents for your lady-loves.
Sept. 20—38-1f JENKINS & PERRY.

JAMES GORDON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NORFOLK, Va.

WILL GIVE STRICT ATTENTION TO THE sale of Cotton and all other produce, and to the purchase of all Plantation Supplies.

Our house was established in Norfolk, in 1828, by James Gordon, of Warren County, North Carolina, who was well known throughout the State. We trust that our long experience in the Commission business has made us familiar with it in all its branches, and entitles us to a portion of the patronage of the good people of our native State.

REFERENCES:
Gen. M. W. Ransom, R. F. Moore, J. N. Smith, Col. N. M. Long, Hon. Kenneth Rayner, P. E. Smith, Jno. M. Moody, Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Wm. D. Jones, Jno. J. Bell, Hon. Wm. A. Graham, R. H. Smith.
Sept. 23—40-9m

CORN! CORN! CORN!

Constantly arriving and for sale by
Sept. 16—34-1f B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON,

STEEL, BELTING, PACKING,

WAGON MATERIAL, &c.

CORNER MAIN STREET AND MARKET SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
Sept. 10—30-3m

W. E. BENBURY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA, WITH

W. R. C. LAND,

DEALER IN

LUMBER, LIME, COAL, WOOD, HAY,

SHINGLES, LATHS,

PLASTER, HAIR, TAR, PITCH AND TURPENTINE,

WIDE WATER ST. AND WOODSIDE'S WHARF,

Norfolk, Va.
Sept. 10—30-3m

L. BERKLEY, | W. M. MILLAR, | J. W. GRANDY, Formerly of N. C.

BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

16 WEST MAIN STREET,

NEXT TO EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,

NORFOLK, Va.
Sept. 10—30-3m

W. H. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 35 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers, ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.
Aug 20-11-6m

COWAND & HARRISS,

General Commission Merchants,

26 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.

D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C. | R. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N C
aug10-3m

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

—AND—

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

Portsmouth, Va.

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
Aug 13-5-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTE BOOKS.

The Music Teacher (sent per mail,)	$1,75
Southern Harmony and Musical Companion,	1,25
Presbyterian Psalmodist (7 shaped notes)	1,50
Jubilee,	1,50
Happy Voices, (for Sabbath Schools,)	40
Devotional Hymn and Tune Book, (Baptist,)	1,00

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
Sept. 13—4t Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED.

Agents in every County in the State. From $5 to $10 per day guaranteed, or 100 per cent profit. For full particulars call on or address
W. T. WALKER & CO.,
Anderson's Store, Caswell Co., N. C.
Sept. 14—38 1w4dsaw*

BOOKS FOR THE YOUNG.

Æsop's Fables,	(sent per mail,)	$1,00
Gulliver's Travels,	" " "	1,00
Robinson Crusoe,	" " "	1,75
The Dog Crusoe,	" " "	1,25
Mechanics' First Book,	" " "	1,75
Text Book of Modern Carpentry,		1,75

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
September 13—4t. Raleigh, N. C.

FOR RENT.

The Cottage next to my residence on Hillsboro' Street. Possession given Oct. 1st.
Sept. 14—33-eod2w ANNA H. SAUNDERS.

FRESH BUTTER, SWEET AND IRISH POTATOES, Fruits, Bacon, Lard, Gross Herrings, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Salt, Meal, Vinegar, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Thomasville Shoes, and last, but not least, we are expecting to be again in daily receipt of Fresh Fish—and Oysters pretty soon, if the weather continues cool.
Sept. 12—32-4t JENKINS & PERRY.

N. C. LARD.

Expected this evening.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
Raleigh, September 5—4t.

Godwin's New Cotton Press.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	5,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,00
One square one month	5,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1867.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Dr. J. A. Clopton, of Huntsville, Alabama, is at the Yarborough House, where he will remain for a few days, and may be consulted. Among numerous testimonials from respectable sources before us, as to his success in the treatment of the diseases which he undertakes to cure or relieve, we find the following:

"Persons afflicted with Piles, Fistula, Strictures, &c.,—those *opprobria medicamenti*—will be gratified to learn that Dr. J. A. Clopton, an accomplished Physician, of Huntsville, Ala., who has made these diseases a *specialty*, has arrived in the city and taken lodgings at the Lanier House, for the purpose of relief and cure of those maladies. Dr. Clopton has made several visits to Macon, in years past, and has met with extraordinary success in his professional practice.—*Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.*

Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern: Everything useful for Farmers, Mechanics, &c.

Two thousand barrels fresh Stone Lime: Worth & Daniel, Wilmington.

WE HEAR of still further destruction to the Cotton, in various parts of the County.

ST. MAUR delighted another full house, last evening, with his wonderful feats of Magic and Ventriloquism. He will give a third exhibition, to-night.

THE SHERIFFS of Alamance and Catawba have settled this week with the Public Treasurer. The prospect of the crop is somewhat encouraging in their section.—Ultra Radicalism will hardly make a showing in these Conservative Counties.

SOUTHERN TRADE.—The interests of this vast country of ours, from one verge to the other, are indivisible in point of fact, however diverse they may be in appearance.—Under the ordinary circumstances of mutual good will and kindness, and of a beneficent, protecting and generous national policy, it should be alike the duty, the pleasure and the interest of each and every portion of the country to contribute to the good of the other. Under such a state of things as we have described, there would be, as there should be, no sectional preferences, or, rather, we mean, no bitterness in those preferences, but, where they existed, they would simply be the offspring of a noble emulation and a worthy competition.—Commerce, trade and travel would all seek their natural and legitimate channels, unobstructed by accidental or artificial causes.

Under all circumstances, however, it is the paramount duty of every people to build up primarily, their home and neighboring markets; and peculiar reasons, which it is, of course, needless to specify, especially impel the South to such a policy at present. We say nothing of those partialities and grateful sense of benefits received that should influence us, in our present commercial relations, though they are entitled to the fullest weight. It is upon the simple question of policy and *interest* that we find the following observations in the last Wilson *Carolinian*, which impress us as timely and well considered:

"We find among merchants a professed willingness to patronize Southern cities, were it possible to supply themselves in the Southern markets. But we are constantly met with the assertion that the cities South do not furnish that variety and quality from which a general dealer in the country must make his selections. Representing the cities of Wilmington, Norfolk Petersburg and Richmond, as we have done through our business columns, we have had opportunities and facilities for satisfying ourselves that this is so to a great extent, yet in certain lines of goods, Hats, Shoes, Hardware and Groceries, for instance, we do not hesitate to assert that neither New York, or any other Northern city, offers superior inducements to these. We must also remember that these cities are just beginning to grow in commercial importance, and their business men only want due encouragement to enable them to increase their own, and to add other business to that already established.

In the present condition of the trade of the more Southern cities of Wilmington, Norfolk, Petersburg and Richmond, the merchants of North Carolina, and of the South generally, would have ample cause to go to the Northern cities of New York, Boston and Philadelphia, had we not another Southern city, not yet mentioned, but which is first in importance to any market in the South, and, in its claims on this people, stands not only first, but pre eminently so. We refer, of course, to Baltimore. Not so eligibly situated in many respects as New York, it is near enough to the sea, and has sufficient water in its harbor, to bring up ships of large size, and its business has already made the establishment of a direct line of steamers to Liverpool, and another to Bremen, a necessity. While the cities further South slept, Baltimore was alive to the interest of internal improvements, and her lines of inland travel and transportation extend in every direction, North, West and South. Energy, foresight and perseverance have accomplished for Baltimore in a few years, what superior natural advantages, burdened with indolence, have failed to do for Norfolk in three quarters of a century. While the one is at last beginning to enter upon a career of prosperity, the other is reaping the substantial fruits of a prosperity brought about by overcoming obstacles.

Baltimore to-day leads Boston and Philadelphia in trade, and New York is fast changing her late insignificant contempt into rival hatred. But how few of the Southern people appreciate these facts! How blissfully ignorant are the majority, that New York does no business in which Baltimore cannot compete with her? In the stocks of goods offered, those of Baltimore are quite as large. Dealers are not of course so numerous. In quality the goods are precisely the same, and in price, for three of the best reasons in the world, New York cannot compare with Baltimore. First, the Baltimore merchant buys and imports his goods at the same time, and at precisely the same rates of the other. Second, rents in Baltimore are about one tenth of those in New York. Third, salaries of young men are about one-half; and a fourth may be added: that the cost of living to the Baltimore merchant is about one-half, as compared with that of the New Yorker. If these facts do not combine in favor of Baltimore, one or two of these alternatives must obtain, either the New Yorker makes no profit, or the Baltimorean makes a tremendous one. Of this, however, there can be doubt: the latter can unquestionably compete with the former."

NEW COTTON REGULATIONS.

The following abstract embraces all that is really important in the New Cotton Regulations, which have just been issued:

"The revised cotton regulations fix a tax on cotton raised in the United States of two and a half cents per pound. Cotton properly assessed and returned prior to September 1st, is subject to a tax of three cents per pound. Cotton removed under bond sprior to September is taxed three cents, and there is a lien on the cotton till the tax is paid.—Class A is cotton unpon which the tax is paid. Class B, cotton removed from the district of its production with the tax unpaid. Class C, cotton removed from point to point in the district where produced before payment of tax. Cotton must be described by these designations in bills of lading, way bills, manifestoes, and permits.—Each assessor is required to keep an account with each cotton producer in his district.

The assessors at the receiving points shall keep an account with each receiver. An assessor or assistant, and collector or assistant, is required at the places where cotton is weighed and marked.

Metallic tags for marking cotton will hereafter be required to be used, and will be furnished assessors by the department.

On each tag will be stamped a letter, a number in figures, and "U. S. internal revenue." These packages of fifty each are numbered from one to fifty and from fifty to one hundred, and must be used in that order on each lot of cotton weighed and marked. The owner can have the cotton weighed and marked at any point in the district by paying the travelling expenses of the officers. A disagreement may be referred to a commissioner, but the officer must not delay the weighing on that account. The owner may furnish the hands for weighing. The process of weighing and marking does not require the immediate payment of the tax if the cotton remains in the district unsold. The Secretary of the Treasury appoints the weighers, and recommendations for that office must come through the assessors of the respective districts, and be addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Weighers must take the iron-clad oath.

Each bale must be marked its gross weight with ink or paint in large letters, and the metallic tag fixed to it by the assessor or assistant. The fee for weighing is twenty-five cents per bale, to be paid by the owner. The assessor will see that the tags are inserted at the time of weighing, and the letter and number of each entered in his record; and permits, whether issued by the assessor or collector, for the removal of cotton, must clearly specify the lot and number for each bale, so that it may be easily identified. When the tax is paid, collectors will cause to be marked on each bale "tax paid." Cotton may be moved to another district without prepayment of tax under bond or other security, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, or the owner may ship it to the revenue office of the district to which he wants to remove it, having obtained a regular bill of lading signed by a well-known transportation company, consigning the cotton to the said collector of the district to which it is destined. This way bill to be furnished to the assessor of the district immediately after its arrival there. The way bill is to contain the class A, B, or C, in which the cotton is, and to be kept account of by the assessor. Should any transportation company refuse or neglect to furnish such bills to the assessor, he shall notify all other assessors on the line of such company of such refusal, and thereafter no permits shall be issued for the transportation of cotton by such company without permission from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Before the cotton is shipped the owner must obtain the permission of the assessor of the district in which it is produced, saying by what route it is to be shipped, &c.

The net weight is to be ascertained by deducting four per cent. from the gross weight. The consignor of the cotton shall send duplicates of the bill of lading to the assessor who issued the permit for the removal, who shall mail one to the collector of the district to whom the cotton is assigned. If the assessor finds the cotton has left his district without his having received these duplicates, he may immediately assess the tax thereon; and without a satisfactory explanation is given, he will issue no more permits to the person so in default.

When the cotton arrives at the receiving district it shall be delivered to and remain in custody of the collector until the taxes are paid thereon and all necessary charges—these to be paid in ninety days from date of the permit. (Here follow the instructions to the collector receiving it, who shall hold the cotton till the tax is paid. The collector is not to permit the owner of the cotton or his agent to have possession of the cotton until the tax is paid. If the tax is not paid in ninety days the collector will obtain the tax by distraint and sale of the cotton.)

Any person who violates these regulations as to the removal of cotton shall be fined $100 for every bale so removed, or imprisoned for not more than a year, or both; and all vessels or vehicles used in transporting the cotton shall be forfeited to the United States, and all the cotton so transported shall be forfeited to the United States."

GENERAL GRANT MORE RADICAL THAN SHERIDAN.—A Dispatch from St. Louis to the Cincinnati *Commercial* says: "In conversation with a gentleman here on Tuesday, General Sheridan expressed the following opinion: That he regarded his administration of affairs at New Orleans as comparatively mild and coming short of the standard required of him by General Grant, who, he said, favored the exercise of far greater severity; and if he (General Grant) had been filling the position himself, he would have adopted more stringent and rigorous measures."

Goodrich, one of the numerous "champion skaters," is giving exhibitions in Buffalo—on a carpet, the ice not being firm enough yet for him, even in Buffalo.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Tuesday Afternoon Dispatches.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24, M.

Mr. Mallory, late Secretary of the Navy of the Confederate States, is pardoned.

Sickles, Hancock and Sheridan were serenaded last night, to which Sickles responded at length, and Hancock and Sheridan briefly.

Hancock will not assume command until he arrives in the Fifth District.

Thad Stevens is better.

Commissioner Taylor telegraphs to the Indian Bureau, from Omaha, that the prospect of peace with the Indians is more flattering now than at any time previous, the council with them at North Platte being perfectly satisfactory.

R. G. Horton, Editor of the New York *Day Book*, is dead.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24, M.

Cotton dull, 24.

Turpentine 55½.

Stocks excited and heavy. Money 7. Gold $1,42½. Sterling 9@10¼. 5-20 coupons of '62 $11¼. Virginia sixes, new issue, 48.

Wednesday Morning Dispatches.

AFFAIRS IN NEW ORLEANS, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 24—P. M.

From the President of the Howard Association, we learn that they have received money sufficient for the expenses thus far. They have acknowledged, in daily receipts, liberal donations from all the principal Northern cities. The expenses at present are $2,500 per day.

The applications for relief, registered to-day, are sixty families, in some of which every member is sick. About the same number of applications were made yesterday.

The number of deaths are daily increasing.

From this statement will be seen the necessity of continued and liberal material aid from the friends of humanity everywhere.

The Howard Association, of this City, has been extending relief to the infected districts in the State.

The interments for the day, ending at six this morning, were 82.

Letters from La Grange, Texas, to be laid before the Howard Association here, state that the number of citizens remaining in the town is barely 500. Yet the interments reached 24, in two days. The average daily is 8. Those attacked are almost sure to die. The disease is proving fatal in nine cases out of ten. Every house is filled with sickness and death. Whole families are swept away, and in some cases there is no one left to bury the dead. The disease is spreading in the country. There are no provisions in town. The country people are afraid to venture in with produce.

On the 9th, not even meal could be had to make gruel for the sick. Business is ceased entirely. The newspapers have suspended publication. The jail is emptied of inmates, who fled in terror from the scene of desolation.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, Sept. 24,—P. M.

Gen. Schofield has decided that the only restriction imposed upon eligibility to membership of the State Convention, is having taken the oath to the U. S. and afterwards aided in the rebellion.

The Delegates are arriving to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention which meets here to-morrow.

The Tobacco Factory of Reuben Ragland, of Petersburg, was burned this morning Loss $200,000. Insurance $80,000.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24—P. M.

There were five cholera deaths at Omaha yesterday.

A special from North Platte says that the Indian affairs are as threatening as ever.

Revenue to-day $281,000.

Sheridan had a prolonged interview with Grant to-day.

The Consul at Malaga writes that the Spanish Government has declared the whole U. S. Government foul with yellow fever and cholera. All vessels arriving there are quarantined.

Gen. Hancock is serenaded to-night, at the Metropolitan Hotel, which was brilliantly illuminated and blazing with fire-works. It is expected that the President will speak.

Hancock said he intended to operate, not for partizan purposes, but for his country, and, he trusted, for the benefit of the people entrusted to his care.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, September 24, P. M.

Cotton ¼ cent lower, 23½@24.

Turpentine 58@59; Rosin $4@8.

Wheat declining.

Pork $23,50@23,87.

Gold $1,43. 5-20 Coupons $11¼.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 24, P. M.

Cotton unchanged. Corn, White $1,25@1,28; Yellow $1,21. Bacon moderate. Shoulders 14¼.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 24, P. M.

Cotton declined ¼ ct., 20@21.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 24—P. M.

Spirits Turpentine steady, 54. Rosin steady $3,35@47.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 24, P. M.

Cotton dull and lower. Sales 10,000 bales Uplands 9¼. Orleans 9¾.

SURRATT.—John H. Surratt has entirely recovered his health. His sister Anna visits him at the jail almost every day, spending a half hour or more in his cell on each occasion. When he is not engaged in reading or walking up and down his cell he engages in devotional exercises.—*Washington Star.*

A Negro, who announces himself as a candidate for Congress in Georgia, declares that, if elected, "I will do all I can to ameliorate the condition of the whites." "No doubt," says the *Day Book*, "he is a much better negro than any white negro which would be elected instead of him."

General Grant has sent letters to the various commanders of military departments, asking for a report of all the operations in their departments to the end of the 30th instant. This is for the purpose of obtaining information for his forthcoming annual report to the President, and for presentation to Congress.

A man named White, sentenced to be hung at Indianapolis, Ind., Friday, was respited by the Governor until the second week in October. Great excitement ensued among the crowd which had gathered from far and near to witness the execution when this fact was announced, and threats of lynching the criminal were made.

Mr. William D. Kelley, known for his Mobility on occasion of riots, has made a speech in Indianapolis, and an Indianapolitan paper describes him as "a fussy little man with sandy whiskers."

There is no mention of A. T. Stewart's death in the Washington or Baltimore papers. Those of New York speak of it as a false report.

"Duke" Gwynn is said to be a Democratic candidate for the United States Senate from California.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL.
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONDELL RECEIVED OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

GENERAL BEAUREGARD AND THE NEW YORK EXPRESS.

BALTIMORE, September 19th, 1867.

To the Editors of the Baltimore Gazette:

Dear Sirs—I notice in your paper of yesterday an article copied from the New York *Express* of the 17th inst., in which certain political opinions are stated to have been expressed by me at a dinner given to me by a friend at the New York Hotel. The dinner was a private one, and the statement of the *Express*, being but a brief and incomplete abstract of the remarks which I made whilst conversing with the few friends present, conveys an erroneous impression of the views expressed by me on that occasion.

Being still an "outlaw" in my own native country, I do not feel called upon to publicly uphold its Government, especially at this time when the country is divided in opinion as to whether Congress or the Executive constitute "*the Government.*" But I am free to state that unless the Conservative element of the nation soon awakens to the dangers which threaten the liberties of the country, I confidently believe that its form of Government will, ere long, be changed to a military despotism, after a period of anarchy more or less prolonged.

Yours, very truly,
G. T. BEAUREGARD.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS FOR 1867.

Old Prices Reached the City and Stopped at

A. CREECH'S,

R. SMITH'S CORNER,

Fayetteville Street.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY FALL AND WINTER Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

And I can say, with safety, that I have one among the largest and most complete stocks that has ever been brought to this City, either before or since the war,—embracing almost any and everything suitable for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALICOES, 10, 12½, 15, and 18 cents per yard.

FRENCH MERINOS, 75 cts. to $1,25 per yard.

DELAINES, POPLINS, and a great variety of other Dress Goods, embracing all the new novelties of the season, and will be sold cheap enough to insure sales.

BROWN DOMESTICS, 12½, 15 and 20 cts. per yard.

BLEACHED DOMESTICS, 12½, 15, 20 and 25 cts. per yard, and all other goods in proportion.

Also, the largest and most varied stock of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETS,
TWEEDS,
AND KENTUCKY JEANS

I ever offered to the trade in this City, both as to price and quality.

Also a very fine assortment of White and Colored FLANNELS,

LADIES' CLOAKS,
BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
SQUARE AND LONG SHAWLS,

which will be sold at prices to suit my customers.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS,—new styles, from 50 cents to $4,00 each.

Boots and Shoes, Boots and Shoes.

The largest and best stock I ever brought to the City, consisting, in part, of J. Miles & Sons' make and others of equally high standing.

Ladies' Pegged Balmorals from $1 to $2.

Ladies Sewed Balmorals, from $1,50 to $3,50.

CREECH'S is the place to come to buy your Boots and Shoes.

Hats, Hats, Hats,

From 75 cts. to $4,00. Don't stop until you come to CREECH'S to buy your Hats. In fact, I think I can meet the expectations of all my customers and the public generally, both as to price and quality of ALL Goods.

Now a few words to my customers and friends: You see a great many different styles of advertisements. Some say they are in "back again;" some say they have "hit the nail on the head;" some "selling out at cost;" some to "make room for a new stock;" some one thing and some another. But allow me to say, whether I am in luck, or whether I hit the nail on the head, or whether I missed the nail entirely, or failed to advertise "selling out at cost," *I have sold out my old stock*, (while *they* are still hammering away over their old stock,) and have been North and bought a new stock. My goods are now in Store, and opened for inspection.

COME AND LOOK AT THEM.

I told my customers, six months ago, that I would sell goods as cheap as Yankee, Jew or Gentile, and I think I have made my word good.

I told the people to come to Creech's to buy their goods, that I would serve them right. Hundreds have come, and they are still coming from this and adjoining Counties. And I here take the privilege to say I think they have shown their good judgment.

Don't forget to come to

A. CREECH'S,
Sept. 12-32-tf Fayetteville Street.

Coming!

COMING!!

COMING!!!

Fall is Coming!

WINTER IS COMING

AND SO ARE

FALL AND

WINTER GOODS!!

Of every Description!

And, what is better than all,

PRICES ARE COMING DOWN!!

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Sept. 13—tf.

FOR RENT.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE on Fayetteville Street, between the Yarborough House and the Governor's Mansion—an excellent place for a private Boarding House. Enquire at the Book Store of

Sept. 16—34-2w WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

FOR SALE.

Government Java and Ceylon Java Coffee.
Best Laguira "
Best Rio "

Sept. 23—40-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO., Wholesale Grocers.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

THE RE-BUILDING of the Bridge over Walnut Creek, on the Goldsboro Road, will be let out to the lowest bidder on Saturday, the 28th of September, at 10 o'clock. Specifications made known at the time.

W. H. HOLLEMAN, } *Committee.*
JEFF FISHER. }

Sept. 19—37-td

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & Co., Richmond, Va. BRANCH, SON & Co., Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	96
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	15½
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	18
" " at Graham	24
" North Carolina	60
" Roxboro'	75
" Thomasville	55
" Wadesborough	34½
" Washington	12
" Wilmington	25
" Yanceyville	11
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	24
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	27
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	53
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-209-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 25) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	34
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	22
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	32
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	23
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	53
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	23
Georgia "	23
Gold	140
Silver	133
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	48c
" Cape Fear	20½
" Charlotte	20
" Wadesboro	34½
" Wilmington	25
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	18
" Commerce	15½
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10½
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	11
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners'and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	24
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices all Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by dealers and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-208-3m*

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	17@23
" RALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	35@40
COTTON	20@00
CHICKENS, Spring	20@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 25
HERRINGS	$6 50@$12
HIDES—Green	10c pr. lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	75@81 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 60
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	0 00@0 00
" Sweet	1@1 50
RAGS	4½@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@23
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and dull at above quotations.

Flour steady.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand and prices a shade lower.

NORFOLK MARKET.

REPORTED WEEKLY FOR THE RALEIGH SENTINEL, BY COWAND AND HARRISS,

General Commission Merchants, 20 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VA., Sept. 19th, 1867.

SPECIE—Gold, buying $1.42; selling $1.45. Silver, buying $1.22; selling $1.35.

BEEF—Family $32; Mess $28; Prime $23.

BACON—Hog round, Va. Sides 17½@18; Shoulders 16.

COTTON—Middling 24; Low Middling 23; Ordinary 20.

CORN—White $1.10, Mixed $1.08; Yellow $1.05.

FLOUR—Family $14@$15; Superfine $10@12.

GUANO—Peruvian $85 cash.

LARD—14@16.

LIME—W. Cnty $2; Rockland $1.50@$1.75; Rockport $1.50.

MEAL—$1.25.

OATS—45c.

PORK—Mess $27@$27,50; Prime $22.50.

STAVES—W. O. Pipe $90@$100; Culls $45@$50; Heading $60; Culls $32.50; Hhds $65; Culls $33; R. O. Hhds. $42.50; Culls $26.

SHINGLES—Hearts $11.50@$13.75; Saps $8.50@$10.75.

TAR—Per bbl. $2.50@$2.75.

Wheat—White $2.00@$2.40; Red $1.75@$2.40.

Petersburg Markets.

Cotton, 21@23.

Tobacco (Lugs,) $3,50@$31, according to quality.

" Leaf $4,50@$175.

Corn, $1@$1,07.

Bacon: Va., 17@18, hog-round. Western Shoulders 15½@16; Sides 17½@18.

Flour, $9@$14, according to quality.

Salt, $3 25@$3,50.

Richmond Markets.

Wheat, $1,78@$2,35.

Corn, $1,05@$1,07.

Tobacco, Lugs, $5@$45.

" Leaf, $7@$200.

Newbern Markets.

Flour, $10@$17.

Pork, (Mess,) $24@$27.

Hams, (N. C.) 16@18c.

Corn $1,15.

Cotton, (Tax unpaid,) 18c

Turpentine $2,25@$3,50.

[The Wilmington Markets are generally reported by telegraph. The foregoing are all regularly corrected.]

THE LAST GREAT SENSATION

AND MONSTER COMBINATION OF ZOOLOGICAL, ORNITHOLOGICAL AND EQUESTRIAN

WONDERS OF CREATION.

Raleigh, Tuesday and Wednesday, October 1st and 2nd, 1867.

JOHN ROBINSON'S

GREAT COMBINATION

CIRCUS & MENAGERIE,

Forming a Grand Stock Enterprise, consolidating

TEN SHOWS

Of first-class selection, in one grand alliance, producing the most stupendous display of Wealth, Talent and Experience ever seen in this country.

THE MAMMOTH

ZOOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Is composed of the curious and rare

Animals of Asia, Africa, and South America.

Including Ornithological selections of the most beautiful specimens of FOREIGN BIRDS, forming the most extensive collection of

WILD ANIMALS

IN THE COUNTRY, supported by the

Largest Company of Equestrians

IN AMERICA, numbering

150 MEN AND 250 HORSES,

INCLUDING

FIFTY PERFORMERS,

Five Lady Equestriennes,
Three Popular Clowns,

Enabling the management to produce

STARTLING ACTS OF HORSEMANSHIP,
DARING GYMNASTIC EXERCISES,
SPECTACLES OF ORIENTAL GRANDEUR,

With the most dazzling splendor.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

President ..... JOHN ROBINSON.
Superintendent ..... J. F. ROBINSON, Jr.
Business Manager ..... W. H. HOUGH.
Secretary ..... JAMES ROBINSON.
Treasurer ..... G. N. ROBINSON.

FEATURES OF THE TEN SHOWS.

In the Zoological Department, will be found a herd of TAPIRS, a flock of AUSTRALIAN EMEUS, a herd of PORCUPINES, the performing Elephant "EMPRESS," introduced by Mr. Johnson.

Prominent among the attractive talent of the Arena are such Artists as

M'LLE ALICE, M'LLE FRANCES,
MADAME MARGARET,
MADAME GERTRUDE,
MR. JOHN WILSON,
MR. JOHN ROBINSON,
MR. J. McDONOUGH,
MR. GEORGE SLOMAN,
JEAN JOHNSON,
JOS. OSBORNE,
H. BERNARD,

Mr. G. N. ROBINSON, Sig. ADOLPH BRADBURY, Mr. JOHN LOWLOW, the American Humorist and Polite Local Clown; Mr. FRANK ROBINSON, Clown par excellence and Modern Grimaldi; Mr. ANDREW CAMPBELL, Time-honored dispenser of Wit and Humor; The Nonpareil LEWIS, Mr. LEWIS WILLIS.

GRAND GRATUITOUS EXHIBITION

A Gorgeous Ancient Pageant—The Grand Chariot of Mars, Oberon and Achilles; Living Lions in open Dens of Gold and Bronze; Knights and Gladiators, in Armor of Ancient Romans, as escort to the glittering and costly Oriental Equipages. This grand and imposing Procession will be preceded by the Chariot of Oberon, containing

THOS. CANHAM'S

Operatic Silver and String Orchestra,

Of Twenty First-class Musicians.

TWO PERFORMANCES—At 2 and 7 o'clock.

☞ The Procession will enter the city at 9-30 o'clock.

Admission 75 cents.

B. M. STEVENS,
Sept. 18—36-td General Agent.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

Wilson,	Monday,	Sept.	23rd.
Stantonsburg,	Tuesday,	"	24th.
Goldsboro',	Wednesday,	"	25th.
Newbern,	Thurs and Frid.	"	26, 27th.
Kinston,	Saturday,	"	28th.
Selma,	Monday,	"	30th.

MEDICINES, &C.

THE BEST

BLOOD PURIFIER

In the World,

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS.

READ THE FOLLOWING

HOME CERTIFICATES

From Physicians.

We hereby certify that the Rosadalis is prepared by a Physician, who is an experienced Pharmaceutist and Chemist, and that his remedy is an efficient and reliable one in SCROFULA, Syphilis, &c., it having performed some remarkable cures in this vicinity.

W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.
E. BARNES, M. D.
R. W. KING, M. D.

Wilson, N. C., February 4th, 1866.

We hereby certify that we regard Dr. Lawrence's Compound Extract of Rosadalis as a Reliable Alterative, &c.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.

Wilson, N. C., May 10, 1867.

Edgecombe County, N. C., May 3d, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE.—*Dear Sir*—Please send me immediately per Express to Tarboro, two dozen more bottles of your Rosadalis. I have carefully examed its Formula, and have used it in my practice in a number of cases. I am well pleased with it. I think it, beyond doubt, the best Alterative I ever used. I have tried it in several cases of Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, &c., with much satisfaction to myself and patients. I have also used it in Secondary and Teritary Syphilis, (one a terrible case of eight years' standing,) in which it acted with surprising and satisfactory effect—making a quick and thorough cure. I have, therefore, no hesitation in recommending it to Physicians and others, as the most reliable Alterative now known.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
A. B. NOBLES, M. D.

A Wonderful Cure of Scrofulous White Swelling.

HOME CERTIFICATE.

I hereby certify, that last September I was attacked with White Swelling of the left knee—and also with an enlargement of the glands of the neck—[one tumor reached a large size.] The swelling of the knee was enormous, and was attended with the most excruciating pains. I was so reduced that I was confined to my room over three months. My leg was so completely drawn up, that I could not bend it at all. I tried various remedies, and they failed to give me any relief. I was in this condition when I commenced taking Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis. The swelling in the knee and neck began to subside before I took all of the first bottle. By the time I took the second bottle, the swelling of the neck entirely disappeared and that of the knee nearly so. After taking three bottles I found myself completely well—able to walk as well as ever, &c.

LATIMER WILLIAMS.

Wilson, May 12, 1867.

Rosadalis will cure the very worst cases of Chronic Rheumatism.

HOME CERTIFICATE.

Wilson, N. C., May 6th, 1867.

I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis.

JAMES WILLIS.

Rosadalis cures Carbuncles, Boils, Pimples, &c.

Certificate from an old and much respected citizen of Greene County, now a resident of Wilson, N. C.

I hereby certify that, during the summer and fall of 1866, that I was severely afflicted with Carbuncles—having had as many as fourteen large Carbuncles, and twelve ordinary Boils. I suffered so much from them that I could not get out of the house half the time for several months. Being indneed to try Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, I was entirely cured by the use of one bottle of that truly valuable medicine.

W. A. DARDEN, Sr.

Wilson, May 11th, 1867.

Consumption, in its Early Stages, can be Cured.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 4th, 1867.

Dear Dr. Lawrence—My daughter having been cured of a deeply seated disease of the lungs by your "Rosadalis," I feel it my duty to make the fact known to you for the benefit of others. She suffered nealy two years with a hard cough, which troubled her day and night; at last the emaciated form, glossy eye, night sweats, together with the cough, told too plainly that it was *Consumption*, beyond question, eating at her vitals. Our Physician's remedies brought no relief. She was advised to try your Rosadalis, as a tonic—which she did—imagine my surprise and gratification, when I found her appetite returning. Slowly she regained her strength, her cough and night sweats gradually ceased, and she is now, after taking five bottles of your medicine, apparently as well as ever.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. E. ANN SMITH.

Rosadalis cures all Skin Diseases.

Salt Rheum Cured! Remarkable Cure!!

DR. LAWRENCE, Wilson, N. C.:

My Dear Sir—For the last six years (until recently) I suffered with an inveterate eruption of the skin—called by physicians "Salt Rheum," with which I suffered terribly; the pain and itching was almost intolerable. I tried several of the best physicians in Europe and this country, have visited several celebrated Springs, spent thousand of dollars—and failed to get any better. In December 1866, being in Charleston S. C., I was told by a gentleman at the hotel, that he had been cured of a bad letter by a medicine called "Rosadalis." I resolved to try it, without any hope though of its doing me any good. I procured a bottle of Messrs. King & Cassidey, and commenced taking it. Finding, to my surprise, that I was improving, I bought four other bottles, but before commencing on the last two, I found I was completely well—the disease having entirely disappeared.

Enclosed find "One Hundred Dollars," which please accept as a token of my gratitude. Why do you not make your invaluable Rosadalis widely known?

Your sincere friend,
W. T. SELTZER.

Major John W. Dunham, one of the editors of the Wilson "North Carolinian," says in the issue of the 20th April, 1867: "I believe from personal experience, that the Rosadalis is the finest ton

THE SENTINEL.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1867.

HARVESTS ON HISTORIC FIELDS.

Three years ago the battle's breath
Swept fiery hot across the plain;
And steadily the reaper Death,
With cruel carnage in his train,
Marched through the serried ranks that stood
Unwavering, and cut theirs down;
While field and farm and hill and wood
Grew dark beneath the battle's frown.

The cannon thundered in their wrath,
The musket rang with volleys there,
The boat shell cut its trackless path,
And burst with fury in the air;
And thickly by the trodden way,
In dyke and field by level rows
Of trampled corn, Death's harvest lay—
Friend close by friend, and foe with foes.

To-day another harvest stands
Where once Death trod the bleeding plain,
Ripe for the reaper's ready hands
That bind in sheaves the golden grain
Afar, the sheltered farm-house sleeps,
Embowered in shade; while o'er the mound,
With pitying growth the wild vine creeps,
Where rifles rang with deadly sound.

Up from her covert starts the quail,
As, chancing on her hidden nest,
The farmer lad with noisy hail
Spies quick as thought the speckled breast
And low and sweet the echoes call;
While from the blue sky over head,
In mellow radiance flooding all
The golden light of peace is shed.

From the Norfolk Virginian.

ASSASSINATION OF LIEUTENANT JOHN W MURDAUGH.—We have been inexpressibly shocked to learn that this gallant gentleman has fallen by the hands of a cowardly mob of South Americans, who fell upon and assassinated him in the city of Carthagena where he had been sent on official business. We have a letter from one of his surviving companions, describing the melancholy event, from which we make the following extracts:

"Lieutenant Murdaugh and myself were ordered from the Columbia, lying at Santa Martha, to proceed to Carthagena to investigate into reports as to the thefts of public and private property aboard the Bays, two other officers accompanying us. We arrived in Carthagena safely, went to our hotel, as it was too late to present our credentials to the President. We separated awhile, he going to the club. It appears that our political enemies spread reports that we were there to kill certain persons, and these got together a crowd who followed him to the club house and there murdered him without warning or allowing him a moment for defence.

Later one of the others and myself returned to the hotel, when we were immediately attacked. My companion was killed and I wounded in the head and shoulder. I was saved only by assailants supposing I was dead. I was carried aboard the steamer whence I was kindly disembarked by the American Consul, the fourth officer coming with me. We arrived here (Santa Martha,) safely, and I am just recovering.

* * * * * * *

Lieutenant Murdaugh was interred in the Protestant burial ground at Carthagena by the American Consul, whose behavior has been very gratifying."

He served both in the army and navy of the Confederate States, and held a commission as Lieutenant in the latter branch at the date of our surrender. When McClellan advanced upon Richmond he volunteered upon the staff of Gen. A. P. Hill, and was greatly distinguished for his gallantry, which won from him special mention at the hands of Hill. His clothes were perforated by bullets, but he escaped unhurt. After the surrender he took service in the Columbian navy, to meet alas! the sad fate which it has been our evil fortune to chronicle to-day.

Lieutenant Murdaugh was in the early reign of manhood, handsome in person, engaging in manners, enterprising in temper, generous to a fault, and of a courage which rose in knightly excitement as the danger threatened.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

This Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine

IS OFFERED TO THE Public as a ready, certain and speedy means of preventing LARGE CONFLAGRATIONS.

Until the invention of the

Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine,

Fires have been met by means too slow, too late and too cumbrous. But few persons in this country have the advantage of large hand or Steam Fire Engines, and those few often suffer a total loss of their property by reason of the great length of time consumed in sending for and getting them into working order

BUT NOT SO WITH THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

which, being kept charged and standing in your House, Store or Factory, is always

Ready for Instant Service.

The fire can be extinguished and your property saved without loss or damage, or even an alarm of Fire.

The first few minutes of conflagration decide the fate of the property; "a little fire is quickly put out, which, being suffered, rivers cannot quench."

THE EXTINGUISHER, being very simple in its operation, and entirely self-propelling, requires no previous skill or practice to operate it, and being so light, portable and self-acting, is capable of being used in any place, by any person, male or female.

It puts out all fires, arising from whatever cause. You are saved from the immense water damage caused by large Engines.

You can effect insurance on your property

At Lower Rates,

if protected by the Extinguisher.

The Extinguisher is no humbug, as thousands of good men in Europe and America will testify. I have already put these little Engines into some of our best Factories and largest Schools in N. C.

No House, Store, Factory or Corporation is safe without them.

The price is as nothing, compared with the protection they afford.

Send for a Circular,

LEWIS C. HANES,
General Agent for N. C.,
Lexington, N. C.

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. are my Agents for the City of Raleigh.
Sept. 10—30-3m L. C. H.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

SAVE LABOR & MONEY BY BURNING

C O A L ! ! !

PERSONS WHO INTEND USING COAL DURING the COMING WINTER

will find it greatly to their advantage to supply themselves without any unnecessary delay.

All orders given me will be filled promptly and in such manner as to give entire satisfaction.

For price, &c., apply at my Store on Market Square.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 9-310-tf

FOR SALE.

Adamantine Candles, in half boxes and cases; Locust Point Family Flour, the best Baltimore make.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 23—40-tf Wholesale Grocers.

COTTON GIN HORSE POWERS.

WE BEG LEAVE TO INVITE THE ATTENTION OF COTTON PLANTERS TO OUR

IMPROVED EIGHT-FEET STATIONARY POWER,

FOR

DRIVING COTTON GINS.

It is SIMPLE, STRONG and COMPACT, and can be easily put together. We sold a large number last season and the demand is constantly increasing.

The following letter from Col. Hood, of Surry County, speaks for itself:

* * * * * It is with much pleasure that I state, your Gin Horse Power bought last season proved an entire success.

I applied a 13 feet lever and 6 feet band wheel to a 45 saw Gin, and *one pair of ordinary mules* which *improved on ox-stead work*, and with *slow* gait of team gave sufficiency of speed; a capacity to gin about 4,000 per day.

The wear and tear in gearing 60 bales of cotton is not perceivable—do not think it could be estimated at 5 per cent. It was put up and geared by one of the best machinists in the state who pronounced it superior to any patent he had seen; also, several gentlemen familiar by long use of gins, have examined it and decided to lay aside their old powers and order this pattern of you.

Yours, most respectfully,
WM. H. HOOD.

PRICE, ONLY $65.

EMORY'S COTTON GINS at Manufacturer's price
ENGINES SAW MILLS, TOBACCO AND COTTON PRESSES,
PLOWS, &c., on hand and made to order at our
ESTABLISHMENT.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.,
PETERSBURG, VA.

Sept. 14—33 1m

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD
AND
NORTH CAROLINA
RAND TRUNK RAILROAD,

From Charlotte and all Points on the N. Carolina, and its Connecting Railroads, to the Seaboard at Newbern and Morehead City.

THE STATE OWNS THREE-FOURTHS OF the North Carolina Railroad and three-fourths of the ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. This is the

STATE LINE,

to its OWN SEAPORT—and on its OWN ROADS. All other lines are in opposition.

A six per cent dividend on this line will save the people from taxation $295,000 per annum.

Under a resolution of the Stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, all Freights are to go via Goldsboro', unless otherwise specially directed by shippers.

When at Goldsboro', you are only sixty miles from the shipping point, instead of one hundred and sixty via Weldon, and eighty via Wilmington. Our Steamers are equal to any other line, both of Freight and Travel. Time as short as by any other, and as cheap.

THIS is the Line

to ENCOURAGE. You get dispatch, safety, but one handling and less Railroad transportation than by any other line.

Three-fourths of the PROFITS made on this line go directly into the STATE TREASURY, and if encouraged, you will soon be relieved from heavy taxation at least two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

The Railroads composing the N. C. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINE have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH LINE

Route to all the Northern Markets, on equal terms and charges, *via* our own ports to and from the North.

Cars run through to all points without breaking bulk.

For information about shipping, apply to Messrs.

WHEDBEE & DICKINSON, Baltimore.
COCHRAN, BUTCHER & CO., Philadelphia,
BAKER BROTHERS, Boston,
MURRAY & FERRIS, Agents for Murray's North Carolina Steamship Line, New York,
and to myself:

J. V. JORDAN,
FREIGHT AGENT,
Aug. 31—21-tf Newbern, N. C.

☞ Charlotte News, Old North State, Statesville American, and Greensboro' Patriot publish one month, and send bills to office at Newbern.

Notice to Shippers of Freight.

THE SEABOARD INLAND AIR LINE

Via Portsmouth, Va.,

IS THE ONLY DIRECT LINE BETWEEN Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the Carolinas.

It is express in point of speed and safety of Freights, being from

FORTY TO SEVENTY HOURS

in advance of all other lines, and at as low rates.

It offers daily communication with Baltimore, daily communication with Philadelphia.

Five steamers each week to and from New York.

Two Steamers each week to and from Boston.

It is the only line having these advantages, and by which there is but one handling of freight.

Cars are loaded at the wharves in Portsmouth and are run through to destination.

Be careful to direct your Consignors to ship only

From Baltimore, by the Norfolk or Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock.

From Philadelphia by the Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or by Clyde's Line, 14 south Delaware Avenue.

From New York by the Old Dominion Steamship Line, Pier 37 North River.

From Boston, by the Norfolk Steamship Line, end of Central Wharf.

All loss, damages, or overcharges promptly adjusted on application to

JAS. McCABRICE,
Trace Agent, Portsmouth Va.

Have your freight marked **Via Portsmouth, Va.**, and in shipping to Philadelphia, mark **Via Clyde's Line**, or **Via Annamessic.**

Aug. 31—21-2m E. G. GOTO, Sup't Transportation.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT DELIVER TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern markets, and have successfully worked the line to the entire satisfaction of shippers. North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten thousand shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40 000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required *so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(*Via* Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't.

Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh, N. C

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—FACULTY.

A. H. CENAS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES JONES, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
WARREN STONE, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
T. G. RICHARDSON, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
J. W. MALLET, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry.
SAMUEL M. BEMISS, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.
STANFORD E. CHAILLE, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathological Anatomy.
FRANK HAWTHORN, M. D., Professor pro tem. of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

DEMONSTRATORS OF ANATOMY.

WM. C. NICHOLS, M. D., C. J. BICKHAM, M. D.

The Thirtieth Annual Course of Instruction in this Institution will begin November 11th and end the following March. Preliminary lectures will be given daily in the Charity Hospital commencing October 15th, at which time also the new and extensive rooms for Practical Anatomy will be opened. The facilities of the school, heretofore unsurpassed, have, by the liberality of the State Legislature, been greatly increased during the past season, so that every CHAIR HAS ATTACHED TO IT A PRACTICAL DEPARTMENT, in which students are taught to observe for themselves the facts set forth in the Lecture Room.

Fees for all the Lectures, $140; Matriculation, (paid but once) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10.—Payment required in advance.

For further information address
PROF. S. M. BEMISS,
Sept. 2—22-2m Acting Dean.

A Cheap Cotton Press.

FARMERS, BEFORE YOU BUY A PRESS OR build a Screw, enquire into the merits of the

GODWIN COTTON PRESS.

Hear what the following reliable gentlemen say:

I have seen Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press work at Mr. P. E. Smith's plantation, and it does all that he says it does in his advertisement and more. I think it superior to any other mode of packing Cotton, and saves both time and labor.
W. R. SMITH.

I have used the above mentioned Press, and consider it the best I ever saw for packing Cotton.
THOS. J. VAUGHAN.

I have packed about 100 bales of Cotton with Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press, and take pleasure in recommending it to the farmers as a great labor-saving machine. It does not cost more than half as much as a Screw, and is worth twice as much.

It is so convenient, and takes fewer hands to do as much work as a Screw. I would pay the price of a Press rather than allow a man to put up a screw on my place for nothing.
D. EDMONDSON.

I have used the above mentioned Cotton Press, and it does better than a Screw. Takes less hands, does not waste Cotton, and is much cheaper.
H. CURRY,
Sup't W. H. Smith's Plantation.

I have packed about 70 bales with Godwin's Cotton Press, and am certain it is the best, cheapest, most compact and durable Press in existence, costing only half, at first, and lasting twice as long as a screw.
PETER E. SMITH.

I have never seen the Cotton Press of Mr Jno. H. Godwin at work, but have no doubt, from the certificates of the gentlemen above, that it performs all they say of it. I know them to be gentlemen of character and veracity, and that their statements are entitled to credit
RICHARD H. SMITH.

The last name is one of our most honorable and respectable citizens, well known as a former member of the Legislature. I offer this PRESS as combining more advantages for packing than any now in use; it is adapted to large or small farms, and is so simple and cheap, that any good mechanic can build it. It is well adapted to

WATER POWER.

It is 10 or 11 feet wide, 3 feet and 3 inches thick; top of frame above ground, 16 feet; highest point of lever, 18 or 19 feet. The platform on which the bale is turned out, is 10 feet above ground.

Length of box, 10 feet in the clear.
Length of bale 5 feet, by 2 feet 4 inches. Weight 500 or 600 lbs. It is put up flat against the Lint Room, thereby preventing the scattering of the cotton and need of baskets.

The Press is chiefly built of scantlings.

The Inventor has spared no pains in his experiments to make it practicable, convenient and cheap. I charge

$25 for a Single Right.

The total cost, including cover and everything, is about $150. Much of that, farmers are not in the habit of including as cost.

I think I can sell county rights at about $10 by the hundred.

For further information address
J. H. GODWIN,
Scotland Neck, N. C.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND,
BALTIMORE, MD.

The sixtieth Annual Session of the SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, in the University of Maryland, will commence on the 15th of OCTOBER, 1867, and will end on the 1st of MARCH, 1868.

FACULTY OF PHYSIC.

NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
WM. E. A. AIKIN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Obstetrics.
CHEMISTRY AND PHARMACY.
G. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Medicine.
CHRISTOPHER JOHNSTON, M. D., Professor of General Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.
SAMUEL C. CHEW, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
FRANK DONALDSON, M. D., Professor of Physiology, Hygiene and General Pathology.
WM. T. HOWARD, M. D., Professor of Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES H. BUTLER, M. D., Demonstrator, and Adjunct to the Professor of Anatomy.

The fees for the full course are $120. For Matriculation $5. For Practical Anatomy $10.

The UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL, (or INFIRMARY) attached to the College ranks among the first CLINICAL SCHOOL in the country. Being the Seamen's Hospital of the port of Baltimore, as well as a civil hospital, it affords a great variety in the forms of disease always under treatment. Surgical Operations, and Clinical Lectures on Surgery, Practical Medicine, and the Diseases of Women and Children, are constituent parts of the daily instruction given by the respective Professors of this Institution.

Students desiring to perfect themselves in *specialities* can take courses of private instruction from Adjuncts attached to the various Chairs.

GEO. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,
Sept. 11—31-2w Dean.

CALL EARLY.

We have just received, on Consignment, a lot of BITTING'S OLD RYE WHISKEY, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs.

Aug. 30—20-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

THE VERY BEST CHEWING TOBACCO, Toilet Soaps, Cigars, Spices, Figs, Nuts and best Candy.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for ——months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State, loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such state by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting for such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make returns of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the districts.

Sec. 5. That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office." Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That in convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address,

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON.
Charlotte, July 12-288-3mwtOct 1.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over!

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN S. DANCY, of TARBORO, N.C., JOHN H. HYMAN, of SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
Late of Tarboro, N C.
DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

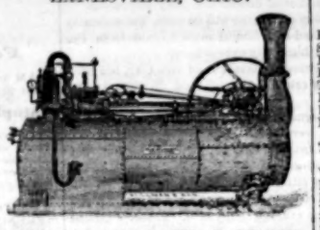
We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY,
WM. R. UTLEY.
Feb. 20

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

JOHN R. GHETTER,
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
June 26-271-3m Sole Agent for N. C.

GARRETT, YOUNG SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DRY GOODS.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of Real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres N. C. R. R Hillsboro.
Hon John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 20-198-6m.

W. J. HAWKINS, B. P. WILLIAMSON, J. J. THOMAS, C. M. HAWKINS.
HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.
No. 44 South Street,
NEAR EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

WE BEG TO REFER BY PERMISSION TO

George W. Mordecai, Esq., *Raleigh N. C.*
Kemp P. Battle, Esq., " "
Phillips & Battle, Attorneys, " "
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, *Warren*, "
Col. C. B. Mallet, *Pres. Fayetteville & W. R. R.*
Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., *Fayetteville, N. C.*
J. W. Lee, Esq., *Johnson Co., N. C.*
Dr. R. K. Smith, *Chatham, N. C.*
Aug 19-10-3m

COLLINS A HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Beebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spence Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,
Mechanical and Operative Dentist.
RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:
From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anæsthetic or Ether spray.
my 4-182 ody

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,
No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

40 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 16 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the name of K. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, *up stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.

By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.

ROBT. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAMES H. HILL,
Aug 1-302-tf Wilmington, N. C.

MRS. RANSOM'S
FEMALE SEMINARY,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the 7th. of October, 1867.

The ablest teachers in every branch alone will be employed.

The most accomplished and experienced Professors of Music and of Ancient and Modern Languages have been secured.

French will be habitually spoken in the Seminary.

For particulars, apply to

Mrs. ROBERT RANSOM,
Aug 9-310-2m Principal.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

DRY GOODS.

CLEAN SWEEP!

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDK'FS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING,
BED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.